

Amplifier Current Draw—100 VAC

June 2014

"Current draw" is the amount of AC current an amplifier demands while it is operating. Measurements are provided for various loads at idle, 1/8 of average full power, 1/3 of average full power, and full power, with all channels driven simultaneously. The figures shown on this sheet are for 100 VAC usage; for 120-volt and 230-volt operation, see the companion sheets. For typical usage, use the idle and 1/8 power figures.

Where an asterisk (*) appears, the data was not available at press time. The designations "na" and "nr" respectively mean "not applicable" to the particular amplifier model and "not rated" for the particular load impedance. Bridged mono into 8 ohms is equivalent to 4 ohms per channel; into 4 ohms is equivalent to 2 ohms per channel.

	Idle Current Current draw when draw at powered down to solid red light. very low signal level. Standby Mode Current draw at 1/8 of full power is with pink noise as a signal. It appropriately and repesents the amplifier's typic maximum level, without audible clevel.					roximates n light clipping cal "clean" lipping. Use	1/3 Power w at 1/3 of full power is measured with as a signal. It approximates operating or voice with very heavy clipping and a essed dynamic range.			Full Power Current draw at full power is measured with a 1 kHz sine wave. However, it does not represent any real-world operating condition.				
	Load per channel ->		8 Ω	4Ω	2Ω	25V-70V-100V	8Ω	4 Ω	2Ω	25V-70V-100V	8 Ω	4 Ω	2Ω	25V-70V-
Model	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes
CXD 4.2	0.9	0.3	5.2	6.3	4.9	N/A	12.8	13.1	11.0	N/A	25.2	25.5	24.7	N/A
CXD 4.3	0.7	0.4	5.3 8.1	5.6 9.9	6.3 7.2	5.6	11.2	12.7	14.6	12.7	34.5	35.1	37.7	35.1
CXD 4.5	0.9	0.4	0.1	5.5	1.2	9.9	10.9	22.1	16.6	22.1	54.6	68.6	38.8	68.6

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