

## **CXD 8-Channel Amplifier Current Draw—100 VAC**

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"Current draw" is the amount of AC current an amplifier demands while it is operating. Measurements are provided for various loads at idle, 1/8 of average full power, 1/3 of average full power, and full power, with all channels driven simultaneously. The figures shown on this sheet are for 100 VAC usage; for 230- and 120-volt operation, see the companion sheets. For typical usage, use the idle and 1/8 power figures.

Where an asterisk (\*) appears, the data was not available at press time. The designations "na" and "nr" respectively mean "not applicable" to the particular amplifier model and "not rated" for the particular load impedance. Bridged mono into 8 ohms is equivalent to 4 ohms per channel; into 4 ohms is equivalent to 2 ohms per channel.

idle and 1/8 power figures.	ohms per channel.															
	Idle	Standby	1/8 Power				1/3 Power				Full Power					
	w Current draw when the amp is in standby.	a 1 kHz sine with music o represents the level, withou	Current draw at 1/8 of full power is measured with a 1 kHz sine wave signal. It approximates operating with music or voice with light clipping and represents the amplifier's typical "clean" maximum level, without audible clipping. Use these figures for typical maximum level operation.				Current draw at 1/3 of full power is measured with a 1 kHz sine wave signal. It approximates operating with music or voice with very heavy clipping and a very compressed dynamic range.					Current draw at full power is measured with a 1 kHz sine wave. However, it does not represent any real-world operating condition.				
_	_	oad per channel ·	·> 8Ω	4Ω	2Ω	70V - 100V	8Ω	4Ω	2Ω	70V - 100V	8	Ω 49	Ω	2Ω	70V - 100V	
Model	Ar	nperes	Amperes				Amperes					Amperes				
CXD8.4Q, CXD8.4Qn	1.7	1.0	6.2	6.7	7.5	6.7	13.1	14.3	15.7	14.3	33	.9 37	'.1	43.6	37.1	
CXD8.8Q, CXD8.8Qn	1.0	1.9	10.8	11.0	8.9	11.0	23.0	23.8	16.7	23.8	74	.9 77	'.9	40.2	77.9	